Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Year Ended May 31, 2022

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#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

The Honorable Mayor and Board of Trustees of the Village of Buchanan, New York

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Buchanan, New York ("Village"), as of and for the year ended May 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village, as of May 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General and Water funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Village, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in
  the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the schedules included under Required Supplementary Information in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary Information

Our audit for the year ended May 31, 2022, was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended May 31, 2022 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements for the year ended May 31, 2022 and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves for the year ended May 31, 2022 and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended May 31, 2022.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements of the Village as of and for the year ended May 31, 2021 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated January 13, 2022, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended May 31, 2021 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2021 financial statements. The information was subjected to the audit procedures applied in the audit of the 2021 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended May 31, 2021.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP
PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

Harrison, New York March 7, 2023



## Village of Buchanan

Management's Discussion and Analysis May 31, 2022

The Village of Buchanan, New York ("Village"), presents this Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") as an overview of the Village's financial activities for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2022. This MD&A focuses on current year activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts and should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the notes to the Village's financial statements which immediately follow this section.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- On the government-wide financial statements, the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the Village exceeded the assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$11,612,507.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$6,726,982. This amount is inclusive of the Capital Projects Fund balance of \$2,881,826.
- Total expenses amounted to \$9,097,439 and were \$361,834 less than fiscal year 2021. The majority of the decrease was related to GASB 68 (ERS) required entries.
- Since the fiscal year ended May 31, 2019, the Village implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("OPEB")". This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for OPEB by establishing standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and expenses/expenditures. This statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value and attribute that present value to the periods of employee service. This statement supersedes the provisions of GASB Statement No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". The primary distinction between the two standards is that since no mechanism exists under current New York State law for New York municipalities and school districts to pre-fund these obligations in an irrevocable trust, entities must now report their total OPEB liability as opposed to the net OPEB liability that has been reported under the prior standard. At May 31, 2022, the OPEB liability was \$16,245,086.

#### **Overview of Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3)

notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements present the Village as a single, unified entity and are intended to give the reader a broad perspective of the Village's financial condition. These statements closely resemble the financial statements of a private sector entity.

The statement of net position presents financial information on all of the Village's assets, deferred inflows/outflows of resources and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information indicating how the Village's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The governmental activities of the Village include general government support, public safety, health, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services and interest.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds but not the Village as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. However, the Village has other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. All of the funds of the Village of Buchanan can be divided into two categories, government funds and fiduciary funds.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds

statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, Water Fund, Special Purpose Fund and Capital Projects Fund which are considered major funds. The Village has no non-major funds.

Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the General Fund and Water Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the respective budgets. In the Capital Projects Fund, budgets are established on an individual project basis.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Other Information

Additional statements and schedules can be found immediately following the notes to financial statements and include individual fund financial statements and schedules of budget to actual comparisons.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. For the Village, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$11,612,507 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion of the Village's net position, \$3,176,152, net investment in capital assets (land, buildings and improvements, infrastructure and machinery and equipment), less any related debt outstanding that was used to acquire those assets. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens and as a result these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's net investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The following table provides a summary of the Village's net position as of:

	May	May 31,				
	2022	2021				
Current Assets	\$ 8,508,046	\$ 6,495,579				
Capital Assets, net	5,475,295	4,972,236				
Total Assets	13,983,341	11,467,815				
Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,076,334	5,551,929				
Current Liabilities	1,328,855	2,169,918				
Non-Current Liabilities	20,629,461	24,082,863				
Total Liabilities	21,958,316	26,252,781				
Deferred Inflows of Resources	8,713,866	4,465,937				
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,176,152	3,482,946				
Restricted	4,531,046	3,505,990				
Unrestricted	(19,319,705)	(20,687,910)				
Total Net Position	\$ (11,612,507)	\$ (13,698,974)				

# **Change in Net Position**

The following table provides a summary of the Village's changes in net position as of:

	May 31,				
	2022	2021			
REVENUES					
Program Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$ 3,272,871	\$ 3,958,320			
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,178,761	112,778			
Capital Grants and Contributions	105,440	424,196			
Total Program Revenues	4,557,072	4,495,294			
General Revenues					
Real Property Taxes	3,808,884	3,211,878			
Other Tax Items	1,800,614	2,499,460			
Non-Property Taxes	674,619	662,539			
Unrestricted Use of Money and Property	92,952	18,679			
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	92,972	19,617			
Unrestricted State Aid	99,095	66,989			
Miscellaneous	57,698	36,017			
Total General Revenues	6,626,834	6,515,179			
Total Revenues	11,183,906	11,010,473			
EXPENSES					
Program Expenses					
General Government Support	1,835,273	1,552,072			
Public Safety	1,988,439	2,504,513			
Health	-	2,500			
Transportation	1,060,501	931,803			
Economic Opportunity and Development	2,850 553,448	2,850			
Culture and Recreation	3,635,546	196,691 4,238,928			
Home and Community Services Interest	21,382	29,916			
interest	21,302	29,310			
Total Expenses	9,097,439	9,459,273			
Change in Net Position	2,086,467	1,551,200			
Net Position					
Beginning	(13,698,974)	(15,250,174)			
Ending	\$ (11,612,507)	\$ (13,698,974)			

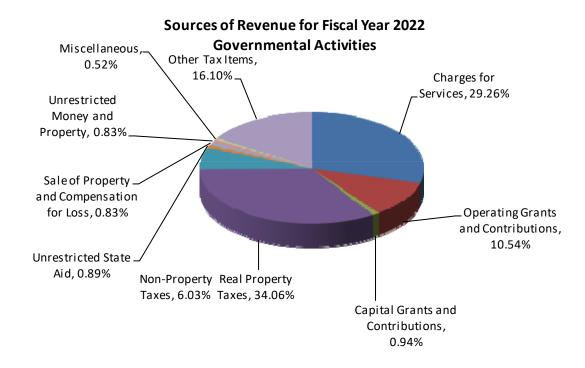
#### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental activities increased the Village's net position by \$2,086,467 inclusive of the impact of GASB Statement No. 75.

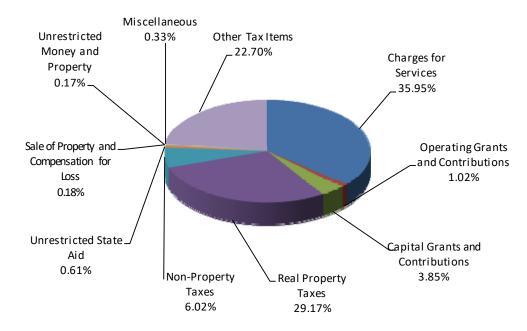
For the year ending May 31, 2022, the Village's OPEB obligations of \$16,245,086 reflected as a liability on the government-wide financial statements and accordingly was the prime factor in the decrease in total net position.

For the fiscal year ended May 31, 2022, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$11,183,906. Program revenues are 40.74% of this total and 59.26% is attributable to taxes and other sources. The major changes are as follows:

- Charges for services decreased by \$685,449 due to a reduction in water consumption attributable to the closure of the Indian Point generating facility
- Operating Grants and Contributions increased by over \$1 million, the majority of which is the Cessation Grant the Village was able to secure.



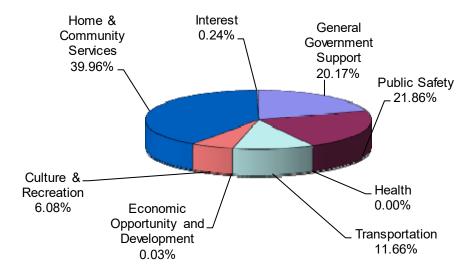
# Sources of Revenue for Fiscal Year 2021 Governmental Activities



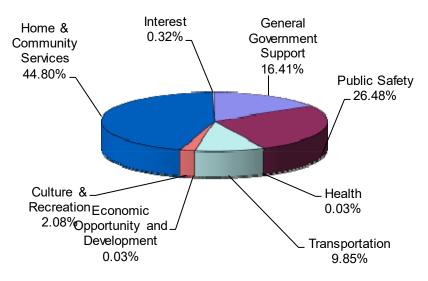
For the fiscal year ended May 31, 2022, expenses for governmental activities totaled \$9,097,439 or \$361,834 less than the prior year. Major changes are as follows:

• Decrease was related to GASB 75 (OPEB) required entries.

## Sources of Expenses for Fiscal Year 2022 Governmental Activities



# Sources of Expenses for Fiscal Year 2021 Governmental Activities



Financial Analysis of the Village's Funds

#### Governmental Funds

The focus of the Village's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$6,726,982. Of the total, \$4,541,900 is restricted, \$481,653 is assigned, and \$1,703,429 is unassigned.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The major change between the original adopted budget and the final budget was an increased transfer to the Capital Fund for its expenditures from the General Fund. Actual expenditures and other financing uses were \$1,104,784. Actual revenues and other financing sources were less than the final budget by \$538,300. The major area where revenues were less than the final budgetary estimates was in other financing sources transfers in from the Water Fund by \$625,000.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets

The Village has invested in a broad range of capital assets, including police and sanitation equipment, buildings, park facilities, roads, and water and sewer lines. For the Village's governmental activities its capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation was \$5,475,295.

The following table represents a summary of the Village's capital assets as of:

	May 31,				
	2022 202				
<u>Asset</u>	 				
Land	\$ 478,000	\$	478,000		
Constructin-in-progress	113,653		-		
Buildings	172,934		192,502		
Infrastructure	3,566,780		3,643,379		
Machinery and Equipment	 1,143,928		658,355		
Total (net of depreciation)	\$ 5,475,295	\$	4,972,236		

#### Long Term Debt/Short-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village had total outstanding serial bonds of \$2,159,000 and installment purchase debt of \$150,997.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Marcus Serrano, Village of Buchanan, 236 Tate Avenue, Buchanan, New York 10511.



Statement of Net Position May 31, 2022

400570	 Governmental Activities
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Investments Receivables	\$ 5,832,008 968,411
Taxes, net Accounts Water rents State and Federal aid Due from other governments	132,234 281,528 378,112 105,440 484,544
Net pension asset Capital assets Not being depreciated Being depreciated, net	 325,769 591,653 4,883,642
Total Assets	 13,983,341
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related Fire service awards related OPEB related	 1,661,346 453,726 2,961,262
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 5,076,334
LIABILITIES  Accounts payable  Accrued liabilities  Employee payroll deductions  Due to retirement systems  Unearned revenues  Deposits payable  Bond anticipation notes payable  Overpayments  Accrued interest payable  Non-current liabilities  Due within one year  Due in more than one year	540,104 58,024 4,758 69,284 192,306 119,863 50,000 288,722 5,794 236,937 20,392,524
Total Liabilities	 21,958,316
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related Fire service awards related OPEB related	 2,443,817 332,558 5,937,491
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 8,713,866
NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets Restricted for Capital projects Repairs Debt service Pension benefits Special Purpose - Parklands Unrestricted	 3,176,152 2,870,972 448,954 2,074 968,411 240,635 (19,319,705)
Total Net Position	\$ (11,612,507)

Statement of Activities Year Ended May 31, 2022

			Program Revenues						
			Operating			Capital			
			(	Charges for	(	Grants and	G	rants and	
Functions/Programs	Expenses			Services		Contributions		Contributions	
Governmental activities				_		_			
General government support	\$	1,835,273	\$	147,396	\$	773,568	\$	-	
Public safety		1,988,439		106,131		-		-	
Transportation		1,060,501		-		-		105,440	
Economic opportunity									
and development		2,850		-		-		-	
Culture and recreation		553,448		130,132		298,147		-	
Home and community services		3,635,546		2,889,212		107,046		_	
Interest		21,382							
Total Governmental									
Activities	\$	9,097,439	\$	3,272,871	\$	1,178,761	\$	105,440	

**General Revenues** 

Real property taxes

Other tax items

Payments in lieu of taxes

Interest and penalties on real property taxes

Non-property taxes

Non-property tax distribution from County

Utilities gross receipts

Franchise fees - Cable TV

Unrestricted use of money and property

Sale of property and compensation for loss

Unrestricted State aid

Miscellaneous

**Total General Revenues** 

Change in Net Position

## **NET POSITION**

Beginning

Ending

F	et (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
\$	(914,309) (1,882,308) (955,061)
	(2,850) (125,169) (639,288) (21,382)
	(4,540,367)
	3,808,884
	1,797,758 2,856
	554,456 96,040 24,123 92,952 92,972 99,095 57,698
	6,626,834
	2,086,467
	(13,698,974)
\$	(11,612,507)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds May 31, 2022

	General	Water	Special Purpose
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Investments	\$ 3,452,749 968,411	\$ 801,734	\$ 190,787 
	4,421,160	801,734	190,787
Taxes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible taxes	132,234		
Other receivables Accounts Water rents State and Federal aid Due from other governments Due from other funds	281,528 - - - 484,544 6,215	378,112 - - 100,298	- - - - 49,848
	772,287	478,410	49,848
Total Assets	\$ 5,325,681	\$ 1,280,144	\$ 240,635
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities		<b>4.10.000</b>	•
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Employee payroll deductions Due to retirement systems Unearned revenues Due to other funds Deposits payable Bond anticipation notes payable Overpayments	\$ 416,470 56,576 4,758 69,284 192,306 1,607,613 119,863	\$ 112,030 1,448 - - - - - 288,722	\$ - - - - - - - - -
Total Liabilities	2,466,870	402,200	-
Deferred inflows of resources Real property taxes	132,234		
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,599,104	402,200	
Fund balances Restricted Assigned Unassigned	1,023,148 - 1,703,429	396,291 481,653	240,635 - 
Total Fund Balances	2,726,577	877,944	240,635
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 5,325,681	\$ 1,280,144	\$ 240,635

Car Proj		Go	Total overnmental Funds
\$ 1,38	36,738 <u>-</u>	\$	5,832,008 968,411
1,38	36,738		6,800,419
	<u>-</u>		132,234
10	- - 05,440		281,528 378,112 105,440
1,45	- 51,252		484,544 1,607,613
1,5	56,692		2,857,237
\$ 2,94	43,430	\$	9,789,890
	11,604 - - - - - - 50,000	\$	540,104 58,024 4,758 69,284 192,306 1,607,613 119,863 50,000 288,722
(	61,604 -		2,930,674 132,234
(	61,604		3,062,908
2,88	31,826 - -		4,541,900 481,653 1,703,429
2,88	81,826		6,726,982
\$ 2,94	13,430	\$	9,789,890



Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position May 31, 2022

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	6,726,982
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Capital Assets - non-depreciable  Capital Assets - depreciable  Accumulated depreciation		591,653 13,402,712 (8,519,070)
		5,475,295
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes and net differences between projected and actual earnings and contributions subsequent to the measurement date for the postretirement benefits (pension and OPEB) and fire service award related are recognized as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources on the statement of net position.  Deferred outflows - pension related  Deferred outflows - OPEB related  Deferred inflows - pension related  Deferred inflows - fire service awards related  Deferred inflows - fire service awards related  Deferred inflows - OPEB related	_	1,661,346 453,726 2,961,262 (2,443,817) (332,558) (5,937,491) (3,637,532)
Other long-term assets that are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are either deferred or not reported in the funds.  Net pension asset  Real property taxes		325,769 132,234 458,003
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds.  Accrued interest payable General obligation bonds payable Installment purchase debt payable Compensated absences Net pension liability Total pension liability - Length of service award program Total OPEB liability		(5,794) (2,159,000) (150,997) (377,841) (139,897) (1,556,640) (16,245,086) (20,635,255)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(11,612,507)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended May 31, 2022

		General		Water		Special Purpose
REVENUES Real property taxes	\$	3,763,358	\$	_	\$	_
Other tax items	•	1,800,614	·	-	,	-
Non-property taxes		674,619		-		-
Departmental income		392,464		2,657,880		-
Use of money and property		120,326		60		19
Licenses and permits		136,496		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		58,657		-		-
Sale of property and		00.070				
compensation for loss		92,972		-		-
State aid		1,170,791		-		-
Federal aid Miscellaneous		104,784 57,698		2,202		-
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Total Revenues		8,372,779		2,660,142		19
EXPENDITURES Current						
Current General government support		1,513,733				
Public safety		1,313,733		_		_
Health		1,000,040		_		_
Transportation		718,411		_		_
Economic opportunity and development		2,850		_		_
Culture and recreation		372,543		-		97,929
Home and community services		843,011		2,602,182		· -
Employee benefits		1,685,167		74,487		-
Debt service						
Principal		128,454		-		-
Interest		24,029		-		-
Issuance costs		35,807		-		-
Capital outlay						
Total Expenditures		6,722,854		2,676,669		97,929
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		1,649,925		(16,527)		(97,910)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
General obligation bonds issued		86,700		-		-
Transfers in		-		-		-
Transfers out		(1,104,784)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,018,084)				
Net Change in Fund Balances		631,841		(16,527)		(97,910)
FUND BALANCES						
Beginning of Year		2,094,736		894,471		338,545
End of Year	\$	2,726,577	\$	877,944	\$	240,635

Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
\$ - - - - - -	\$ 3,763,358 1,800,614 674,619 3,050,344 120,405 136,496 58,657
105,440 - -	92,972 1,276,231 104,784 59,900
105,440	11,138,380
- - - - - - - 1,010,340	1,513,733 1,398,849 - 718,411 2,850 470,472 3,445,193 1,759,654 128,454 24,029 35,807 1,010,340
1,010,340	10,507,792
(904,900)	630,588
1,762,300 1,104,784	1,849,000 1,104,784 (1,104,784)
2,867,084	1,849,000
1,962,184	2,479,588
919,642	4,247,394
\$ 2,881,826	\$ 6,726,982



Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended May 31, 2022

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:

1	
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 2,479,588
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay expenditures	972,189
·	
Depreciation expense	 (466,826)
	 505,363
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets is to decrease net position	
Loss on disposal of assets	 (2,304)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Real property taxes	 45,526
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.  Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
General obligation bonds issued	(1,849,000)
Principal paid on general obligation bonds	70,000
Principal paid on installment purchase debt	58,454
	 (1,720,546)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Accrued interest	2,647
Changes in pension liabilities and related deferred outflows and	_,
inflows of resources	213,559
Compensated absences	179,294
Changes in OPEB liabilities and related deferred outflows and	170,204
inflows of resources	383,340
	 778,840
	 2,2.2
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 2,086,467

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General and Water Funds
Year Ended May 31, 2022

	General Fund				
DEVENUE	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Non-property taxes Departmental income Use of money and property Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Sale of property and compensation for loss	\$ 3,808,915 1,807,758 467,000 224,580 3,000 13,250 23,000 30,000	\$ 3,808,915 1,807,758 647,000 394,580 3,000 113,250 23,000 30,000	\$ 3,763,358 1,800,614 674,619 392,464 120,326 136,496 58,657	\$ (45,557) (7,144) 27,619 (2,116) 117,326 23,246 35,657	
State aid Federal aid Miscellaneous	635,000 - 5,000	685,000 - 5,000	1,170,791 104,784 57,698	485,791 104,784 52,698	
Total Revenues	7,017,503	7,517,503	8,372,779	855,276	
Current General government support Public safety Health Transportation Economic opportunity and development Culture and recreation Home and community services Employee benefits Debt service Principal Interest Issuance costs  Total Expenditures	1,736,240 1,466,008 2,500 583,163 3,000 390,573 1,158,730 1,917,770 110,000 33,107 - 7,401,091	1,624,795 1,398,849 727,548 2,850 392,793 909,534 1,830,984 143,454 29,693 35,807 7,096,307	1,513,733 1,398,849 - 718,411 2,850 372,543 843,011 1,685,167 128,454 24,029 35,807	111,062 - - 9,137 - 20,250 66,523 145,817 15,000 5,664 - 373,453	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(383,588)	421,196	1,649,925	1,228,729	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) General obligation bonds issued Transfers in Transfers out	625,000 (300,000)	625,000 (1,104,784)	86,700 - (1,104,784)	86,700 (625,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	325,000	(479,784)	(1,018,084)	(538,300)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(58,588)	(58,588)	631,841	690,429	
FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year	58,588	58,588	2,094,736	2,036,148	
End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,726,577	\$ 2,726,577	

Water Fund						
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
\$	- -	\$ - -	\$	- -	\$ - -	
	4,032,388 2,000	4,032,388 2,000		2,657,880 60	(1,374,508) (1,940)	
	-	-		-	-	
	-	-		-	-	
	-	-		-	-	
				2,202	2,202	
	4,034,388	4,034,388		2,660,142	(1,374,246)	
	-	-		-	-	
	-	-		-	-	
	-	-		-	-	
	-	-		-	-	
	3,349,552 59,836	3,366,289 78,124		2,602,182 74,487	764,107 3,637	
	-	-		-	-	
	-	-		-	-	
	2 400 200	2 444 442		2.676.660	767.744	
	3,409,388	3,444,413		2,676,669	767,744	
	625,000	589,975		(16,527)	(606,502)	
	-	-		-	-	
	(625,000)	(625,000)		<u> </u>	625,000	
	(625,000)	(625,000)			625,000	
	_	(35,025)		(16,527)	18,498	
		35,025		894,471	859,446	
\$		\$ -	\$	877,944	\$ 877,944	



Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2022

#### **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The Village of Buchanan, New York ("Village") was established in 1928 and operates in accordance with Village Law and the various other applicable laws of the State of New York. The Village Board of Trustees is the legislative body responsible for overall operation. The Village Manager serves as the chief executive officer and the Village Treasurer serves as the chief financial officer. The Village provides the following services to its residents: public safety, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services and general and administrative support.

The financial statements of the Village have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to local governmental units and the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by the State of New York. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Village's significant accounting policies are described below:

### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government, which is the Village, b) organizations for which the Village is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Village are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the Village, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the Village's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities which would be included in the financial statements.

#### B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the Village as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the Village at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Taxes and other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The Village does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2022

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Village are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The Village maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type. The Village has elected to treat each governmental fund as a major fund as provided by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments". Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the pages following, which briefly explain the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation. The Village's resources are reflected in the fund financial statements in two broad fund categories, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

#### **Fund Categories**

a. <u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the Village's major governmental funds.

General Fund - The General Fund constitutes the primary operating fund of the Village and is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The major special revenue funds of the Village are as follows:

Water Fund - The Water Fund is used to record the water utility operations of the Village which renders services on a user charge basis to the general public. The major revenue of this fund is departmental income.

Special Purpose Fund - The Special Purpose Fund is used to account for assets held by the Village in accordance with grantor or contribution stipulations.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2022

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

b. <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> (Not Included in Government-Wide Financial Statements) – The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Village on behalf of others. In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84, *"Fiduciary Activities"*, the Village had no such activity to report in this fund category.

#### D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the fiscal year end. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are recognized as revenues when the expenditure is made and the amounts are expected to be collected within one year of the fiscal year end. A ninety day availability period is generally used for revenue recognition for most other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, net pension liability, total pension liability and other postemployment benefit liability are recognized later based on specific accounting rules applicable to each, generally when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

# E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balances

#### Cash and Equivalents, Investments and Risk Disclosure

**Cash and Equivalents** - Cash and equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of less than three months from the date of acquisition.

The Village's deposits and investment policies are governed by State statutes. The Village has adopted its own written investment policy, which provides for the deposit of funds in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The Village is authorized to use demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit.

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The Village has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Such obligations include, among other instruments, obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipal and school district subdivisions.

**Investments** - Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions.

The Village follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application", which defines fair value and established a fair value hierarchy organized into three levels based upon the input assumptions used in pricing assets. Level 1 inputs have the highest reliability and are related to assets with unadjusted quoted prices in active markets. Level 2 inputs relate to assets with other than quoted prices in active markets which may include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities or other inputs which can be corroborated by observable market data. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs and are used to the extent that observable inputs do not exist.

#### **Length of Service Award Program Investments**

**Fire Service Award Program** - The program allows investments in accordance with a prudent person rule. Investments consist of insurance contracts backed by an insurance company with a credit rating of Aa3. The investments are priced using Level 1 inputs.

#### **Risk Disclosure**

**Interest Rate Risk** - Interest rate risk is the risk that the government will incur losses in fair value caused by changing interest rates. The Village does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from changing interest rates. Generally, the Village does not invest in any long-term investment obligations.

**Custodial Credit Risk** - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3", directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either uncollateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the Village's name. The Village's aggregate bank balances that were not covered by depository insurance were not exposed to custodial credit risk at May 31, 2022.

**Credit Risk** - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its specific obligation even without the entity's complete failure. The Village does not have a formal credit risk policy other than restrictions to obligations allowable under General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Concentration of Credit Risk** - Concentration of credit risk is the risk attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. The Village's investment policy limits the amount on deposit at each of its banking institutions.

**Property Taxes Receivable** - Real property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property as of June 1st and are levied and payable in two installments due in June and December. The Village has the responsibility for the billing and collection of Village taxes and also has the responsibility for conducting tax lien sales and in-rem foreclosure proceedings.

**Other Receivables** - Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the Village. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures/expenses are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

**Due From/To Other Funds** - During the course of its operations, the Village has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services and construct assets. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of May 31, 2022, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.

**Capital Assets** - Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential on the date of the donation.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the Village chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The Village was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year).

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated. Property, plant, equipment and infrastructure of the Village are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Class	Life <u>in Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	5-40
Infrastructure	10-60
Machinery and equipment	5-10

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2022

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental funds balance sheet.

**Unearned Revenues** - Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. In the government-wide financial statements, unearned revenues consist of revenue received in advance and/or grants received before the eligibility requirements have been met.

Unearned revenues in the fund financial statements are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. The Village has reported unearned revenues of \$192,306, which includes \$147,376 for the unexpended portion of a prior year donation for recreational purposes, \$12,887 for New York State aid for clock maintenance, \$9,677 for grant revenue unused as of year-end and \$22,366 for other revenues received in advance in the General Fund. Such amounts have been deemed to be measurable but not "available" pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles.

**Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources** - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The Village reported deferred inflows of resources of \$132,234 for uncollected taxes in the General Fund. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

The Village has also reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in relation to its pension, fire service awards and other postemployment benefit liabilities in the government-wide financial statement for governmental activities. These amounts are detailed in the discussion of the Village's pension plans in Note 3E.

**Long-Term Liabilities** - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as General Fund expenditures.

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Compensated Absences** - The various collective bargaining agreements provide for the payment of accumulated vacation and sick leave upon separation of service. The liability for such accumulated leave is reflected in the government-wide Statement of Net Position as current and long-term liabilities, as applicable. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability matured through employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary related payments, where applicable.

**Net Pension Asset/Liability (Asset)** - The net pension asset/liability (asset) represents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension asset/liability (asset) of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System. The financial reporting of these amounts are presented in accordance with the provision of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68."

**Total Pension Liability** - The total pension liability represents the Village's liability for its Length of Service Award Program ("LOSAP"). The financial reporting of this amount is presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 73, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68".

Other Postemployment Benefit Liability ("OPEB") – In addition to providing pension benefits, the Village provides health care benefits for certain retired employees and their survivors. The financial reporting of these amounts are presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions".

**Net Position** - represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Village or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Restricted net position for the Village includes restricted for capital projects, repairs, debt service, pension benefits and special purposes.

*Unrestricted* net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

**Fund Balance** - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2022

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

based primarily on the extent to which the Village is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance is reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification is used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. The Village Board of Trustees is the highest level of decision making authority for the Village that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, these funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the Village removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain amounts established and approved by the Village Board of Trustees.

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts constrained either by policies of the Village Board of Trustees for amounts assigned for balancing the subsequent year's budget or the Village Treasurer for amounts assigned for encumbrances. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily, in that additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. Assigned fund balance in all other governmental funds represents any positive remaining amount after classifying nonspendable, restricted or committed fund balance amounts.

Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represent amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, any deficit fund balance is reported as unassigned.

In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted and unrestricted fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the Village's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the Village's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2022

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### F. Encumbrances

In governmental funds, encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is generally employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in all budgeted governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are generally reported as assigned fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

#### G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### H. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is March 7, 2023.

## Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

### A. Budgetary Data

The Village generally follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) On or before March 31st, the budget officer submits to the Board of Trustees a tentative operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following June 1st. The tentative budget includes the proposed expenditures and the means of financing.
- b) The Board of Trustees, on or before March 31st, meets to discuss and review the tentative budget.
- c) The Board of Trustees conducts a public hearing on the tentative budget to obtain taxpayer comments on or before April 15th.
- d) After the public hearing and on or before May 1st, the Trustees meet to consider and adopt the budget.
- e) Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for the General and Water funds.
- f) Budgets for the General and Water funds are legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Capital Projects Fund is budgeted on a project basis. An annual budget is not adopted by the Board for the Special Purpose Fund since other means control the use of these resources (e.g., grant awards) and sometimes span a period of more than one fiscal year.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2022

### Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

- g) The Village Board has established legal control of the budget at the function level of expenditures. Transfers between appropriation accounts, at the function level, require approval by the Board of Trustees. Any modifications to appropriations resulting from increases in revenue estimates or supplemental reserve appropriations also requires a majority vote by the Board.
- h) Appropriations in the General and Water funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except that outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the succeeding year pursuant to the Uniform System of Accounts promulgated by the Office of the State Comptroller.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Trustees.

### B. Property Tax Limitations

The Village is permitted by the Constitution of the State of New York to levy taxes up to 2% of the five year average full valuation of taxable real estate located within the Village, exclusive of the amount raised for the payment of interest on and redemption of long-term debt. In accordance with this definition, the maximum amount of the levy for 2021-2022 was \$7,443,975, which exceeded the actual levy by \$3,635,060.

In addition to this constitutional tax limitation, Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011, as amended ("Tax Levy Limitation Law"), modified previous law by imposing a limit on the amount of real property taxes a local government may levy. The following is a brief summary of certain relevant provisions of the Tax Levy Limitation Law. The summary is not complete and the full text of the Tax Levy Limitation Law should be read in order to understand the details and implementations thereof.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law imposes a limitation on increases in the real property tax levy, subject to certain exceptions. The Tax Levy Limitation Law permits the Village to increase its overall real property tax levy over the tax levy of the prior year by no more than the "Allowable Levy Growth Factor," which is the lesser of one and two-one hundredths or the sum of one plus the Inflation Factor; provided, however that in no case shall the levy growth factor be less than one. The "Inflation Factor" is the quotient of: (i) the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start of the coming fiscal year minus the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start of the prior fiscal year, divided by (ii) the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor with the result expressed as a decimal to four places. The Village is required to calculate its tax levy limit for the upcoming year in accordance with the provision above and provide all relevant information to the New York State Comptroller prior to adopting its budget. The Tax Levy Limitation Law sets forth certain exclusions to the real property tax levy limitation of the Village, including exclusions for certain portions of the expenditures for retirement system contributions and tort judgments payable by the Village. The Village Board of Trustees may adopt a budget that exceeds the tax levy limit for the coming fiscal year, only if the Board first enacts, by a vote of at least sixty percent of the total voting power of the Board, a local law to override such limit for such coming fiscal year.

#### C. Reclassification of Prior Year Presentation

Certain prior year amounts have been classified to conform with the current year presentation.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2022

### Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

## D. Expenditures in Excess of Budget

The following capital project exceeded its budgetary authorizations by the amount indicated:

Fire Truck \$141,891

### E. Capital Projects Fund Projects Deficit

The individual project deficit in the Capital Projects Fund arises in-part because of the application of generally accepted accounting principles to the financial reporting of such funds. The proceeds of bond anticipation notes issued to finance construction of capital projects are not recognized as an "other financing source". Liabilities for bond anticipation notes payable are accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. Bond anticipation notes are recognized as revenue only to the extent that they are redeemed. These deficits will be reduced or eliminated as the bond anticipation notes are redeemed from interfund transfers from other governmental funds or converted to permanent financing. Other deficits where no bond anticipation notes are outstanding arise because of expenditures exceeding current financing on the projects. This deficit will be eliminated with the subsequent receipt or issuance of authorized financing.

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

#### A. Taxes Receivable

Taxes receivable consisted of the following:

Village taxes - Current year	\$ 48,350
Tax liens and overdue taxes	 84,518
Total Taxes	132,868
Less - Allowance for uncollectible taxes	 (634)
Taxes Receivable	\$ 132,234

Taxes receivable in the fund financial are also offset by deferred tax revenues of \$132,234, which represents the taxes receivable which were not collected within the first sixty days of the subsequent year.

#### B. Interfund Receivables/Payables

The composition of due from/to other funds at May 31, 2022 were as follows:

Fund	Due From	Due To
General Water Special Purpose Capital Projects	\$ 6,215 100,298 49,848 1,451,252	- 3 -
	\$ 1,607,613	3 \$ 1,607,613

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2022

## Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The outstanding balances between funds results mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and 3) payments between funds are made.

## C. Capital Assets

Changes in the Village's capital assets are as follows:

		Balance June 1, 2021	 Additions	[	Deletions	Balance May 31, 2022
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction-in-progress	\$	478,000 -	\$ - 113,653	\$	-	\$ 478,000 113,653
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	\$	478,000	\$ 113,653	\$		\$ 591,653
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Infrastructure Machinery and equipment	\$	1,990,873 9,181,954 1,648,827	\$ - 157,416 701,120	\$	95,840 - 181,638	\$ 1,895,033 9,339,370 2,168,309
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated		12,821,654	858,536		277,478	13,402,712
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Infrastructure Machinery and equipment		1,798,371 5,538,575 990,472	19,568 234,015 213,243		95,840 - 179,334	1,722,099 5,772,590 1,024,381
Total Accumulated Depreciation	_	8,327,418	 466,826		275,174	8,519,070
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	\$	4,494,236	\$ 391,710	\$	2,304	\$ 4,883,642
Capital assets, net	\$	4,972,236	\$ 505,363	\$	2,304	\$ 5,475,295

Depreciation expense was charged to the Village's functions and programs as follows:

General Government Support	\$	104,516
Public Safety	*	55,813
Transportation		259,545
Culture and Recreation		13,605
Home and Community Services		33,347
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$</u>	466,826

### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

## D. Short-Term Capital Borrowings

Purpose	Original Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Balance June 1, 2021	New Issues	<u>R</u>	edemptions	Balance May 31, 2022
4th street pump station improvements	3/6/2020	3/4/2022	0.390 %	\$ 1,000,000	\$ -	\$	1,000,000	\$ -
Fire truck Motor vehicles	3/4/2021 3/3/2022	3/4/2022 3/3/2023	0.390 1.000	387,600	 50,000	_	387,600	50,000
				\$ 1,387,600	\$ 50,000	\$	1,387,600	\$ 50,000

Liabilities for bond anticipation notes are generally accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. Bond anticipation notes issued for judgments or settled claims are recorded in the fund paying the claim. Principal payments on bond anticipation notes must be made annually. State law requires that bond anticipation notes issued for capital purposes or judgments be converted to long-term obligations generally within seven years after the original issue date. However, bond anticipation notes issued for assessable improvement projects may be renewed for periods equivalent to the maximum life of the permanent financing, provided that stipulated annual reductions of principal are made.

Interest expenditures of \$5,412 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund. Interest expense of \$4,230 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

### E. Long-Term Liabilities

The following table summarizes changes in the Village's long-term liabilities for the year ended May 31, 2022:

	 Balance June 1, 2021	 New Issues/ Additions	_	Maturities and/or Payments	 Balance May 31, 2022	_	ue Within One-Year
General Obligations Bonds Payable	\$ 380,000	\$ 1,849,000	\$	70,000	\$ 2,159,000	\$	139,000
Installment Purchase Debt	209,451	-		58,454	150,997		59,937
Compensated Absences	557,135	-		179,294	377,841		38,000
Net Pension Liability - ERS	4,297	-		4,297	-		-
Net Pension Liability - PFRS	378,327	-		238,430	139,897		
Total Pension Liability - Fire							
Length of Service Award Program	1,444,248	115,392		3,000	1,556,640		-
Other Postemployment Benefit Liability	 21,109,405	(4,280,741)	_	583,578	 16,245,086	_	
	\$ 24,082,863	\$ (2,316,349)	\$	1,137,053	\$ 20,629,461	\$	236,937

Each governmental fund's liability for general obligations bonds payable, installment purchase debt payable, compensated absences, net pension liability for ERS/PFRS, total pension liability for Fire-Length of Service Award Program, and other postemployment benefit obligations are liquidated by the General Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2022

### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### **General Obligations Bonds Payable**

General obligations bonds payable at May 31, 2022 is comprised of the following individual issue:

Purpose	Year of Issue	Original Issue Amount	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Amount Outstanding at May 31, 2022
Public Improvements Public Improvements	2016 2022	\$ 700,000 1,849,000	October, 2025 March, 2042	3.500 % 3.000 - 5.000	\$ 310,000 1,849,000
					\$ 2,159,000

Interest expenditures of \$12,031 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund. Interest expense of \$11,643 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Installment Purchase Debt Payable**

The Village entered into a lease agreement to finance the costs of a police vehicle. The terms of this agreement provided for the repayment of the principal amount of \$32,160 in annual installments of \$7,289 through October 2022 including interest at 6.60%.

The Village entered into a lease agreement to finance the costs of various energy efficient equipment. The terms of this agreement provided for the repayment of the principal amount of \$125,000 in annual installments of \$25,000 through August 2022 with no interest.

The Village entered into a lease agreement to finance the costs of a police vehicle. The terms of this agreement provided for the repayment of the principal amount of \$204,997 in annual installments of \$32,751 through August 2025 including interest at 3.90%.

Interest expenditures of \$6,586 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund Interest expense of \$5,509 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

The balance due at May 31, 2022 on these various installment purchase debt obligations was \$150,997.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2022

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### **Payments to Maturity**

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of May 31, 2022 including interest payments of \$731,972 are as follows:

Year Ending	 General O Bor	_	•					To	tal		
May 31,	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2023	\$ 139,000	\$	76,413	\$	59,937	\$	5,103	\$	198,937	\$	81,516
2024	140,000		70,963		29,200		3,551		169,200		74,514
2025	150,000		65,000		30,338		2,413		180,338		67,413
2026	150,000		58,700		31,522		1,229		181,522		59,929
2027	75,000		53,800		-		-		75,000		53,800
2028 - 2032	430,000		211,050		-		-		430,000		211,050
2033 - 2037	505,000		131,700		-		-		505,000		131,700
2038 - 2042	 570,000		52,050		_		-		570,000		52,050
	\$ 2,159,000	\$	719,676	\$	150,997	\$	12,296	\$	2,309,997	\$	731,972

The above general obligation bonds and installment purchase debt are direct borrowings of the Village for which full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable real property within the Village.

#### **Legal Debt Margin**

The Village is subject to legal limitations on the amount of debt that it may issue. The Village's legal debt margin is 7% of the five year average full valuation of taxable real property.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Pursuant to collective bargaining agreements, employees covered by the Local 456 International Brotherhood of Teamsters contract may accumulate an unlimited amount of sick time. Upon retirement, these employees will be compensated for a sliding scale percentage of unused sick time at their current salary level up to a maximum of 180 days. Employees covered under the Police Association contract can accumulate sick leave up to a maximum of 185 days and are also paid on a sliding scale percentage of unused sick time at their current salary level. Vacation time for all employees can be accumulated to a maximum of 10 days. The value of the compensated absences has been reflected in the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Pension Plans**

New York State and Local Retirement System

The Village participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System ("PFRS") which are collectively referred to as the New York State and Local Retirement System ("System"). These are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund ("Fund"), which was established to hold all assets and record changes in fiduciary net position. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four year term. Obligations of employers and

### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The Village also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan, which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/about\_us/financial\_statements\_index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

The System is noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010, who generally contribute between 3% and 6% of their salary for their entire length of service. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the System's fiscal year ending March 31. The employer contribution rates for the plan's year ending in 2022 are as follows:

	Tier/Plan	Rate
ERS	4 A15	18.0%
	5 A15	15.0
	6 A15	10.5
PFRS	2 384D	30.4%
	5 384D	25.5
	6 384D	19.8

At May 31, 2022, the Village reported the following for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) for ERS and PFRS:

		ERS		PFRS
Measurement date	Ma	arch 31, 2022	Ма	arch 31, 2022
Net pension liability (asset) Villages' proportion of the	\$	(325,769)	\$	139,897
net pension liability Change in proportion since the		0.0039851 %		0.0246279 %
prior measurement date		(0.0003307) %		0.0028384 %

The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of March 31, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Village's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) was based on a computation of the actuarially determined indexed present value of future compensation by employer relative to the total of all participating members.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2022

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

For the year ended May 31, 2022, the Village recognized its proportionate share of pension expense in the government-wide financial statements of \$121,692 (\$(8,758)) for ERS and \$130,450 for PFRS). Pension expenditures of \$192,981 for ERS and \$251,173 for PFRS were recorded in the fund financial statements and were charged to the following funds.

Fund	 ERS	PFRS
General Water	\$ 159,862 33,119	\$ 251,173 -
	\$ 192,981	\$ 251,173

At May 31, 2022, the Village reported its proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Е	RS		PFRS			
	of	Deferred Outflows Resources	of	Deferred Inflows f Resources		Deferred Outflows Resources	of	Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between Village contributions and proportionate	\$	24,671 543,672	\$	32,000 9,174 1,066,757	\$	75,420 837,317	\$	- - 1,175,504
Village contributions and proportionate share of contributions Village contributions subsequent to the measurement date		32,215		75,981		78,767		84,401
		27,698				41,586		
	\$	628,256	\$	1,183,912	\$	1,033,090	\$	1,259,905
		Т	otal					
	of	Deferred Outflows Resources	of	Deferred Inflows Resources				
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	100,091 1,380,989	\$	32,000 9,174 2,242,261				
Changes in proportion and differences between Village contributions and proportionate share of contributions Village contributions subsequent to the		110,982		160,382				
measurement date		69,284						
	\$	1,661,346	\$	2,443,817				

\$27,698 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ERS resulting from the Village's accrued contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the plan's year ended March 31, 2023. \$41,586 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to PFRS resulting from the Village's accrued contributions subsequent to the

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2022

### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the plan's year ended March 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ERS and PFRS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended March 31,	ERS	PFRS
2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 Thereafter	\$ (102,151) (134,364) (286,088) (60,751)	\$ (59,681) (99,238) (276,684) 156,501 10,701
	\$ (583,354)	\$ (268,401)

The total pension liability for the March 31, 2022 measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation date as noted below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liabilities to that measurement date. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were as follows:

	ERS	PFRS
Measurement date Actuarial valuation date Investment rate of return	March 31, 2022 April 1, 2021 5.9% *	March 31, 2022 April 1, 2021 5.9% *
Salary scale Inflation rate	4.4% 2.7%	6.2% 2.7%
Cost of living adjustments	1.4%	1.4%

<sup>\*</sup>Compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.

Annuitant mortality rates are based on the System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2020.

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation is summarized in the following table.

### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Asset Type	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	32 %	3.30 %
International Equity	15	5.85
Private Equity	10	6.50
Real Estate	9	5.00
Opportunistic/ARS Portfolio	3	4.10
Credit	4	3.78
Real Assets	3	5.80
Fixed Income	23	-
Cash	1	(1.00)
	100 %	

<sup>\*</sup> The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.7%.

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.9%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 5.9%, as well as what the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (4.9%) or 1 percentage point higher (6.9%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		ease Discount Rate		1% Increase	
		(4.9%)		(5.9%)		(6.9%)
Village's proportionate share of the ERS net pension liability (asset)	\$	838,526	\$	(325,769)	\$	(1,299,645)
Village's proportionate share of the PFRS net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,556,143	\$	139,897	\$	(1,032,378)

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2022

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The components of the collective net pension liability as of the March 31, 2022 measurement date were as follows:

	ERS	PFRS	Total
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$ 223,874,888,000 (232,049,473,000)	\$ 42,237,292,000 (41,669,250,000)	\$ 266,112,180,000 (273,718,723,000)
Employers' net pension liability (asset)	\$ (8,174,585,000)	\$ 568,042,000	\$ (7,606,543,000)
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	103.65%	98.66%	 102.86%

Employer contributions to ERS and PFRS are paid annually and cover the period through the end of the System's fiscal year, which is March 31<sup>st</sup>. Retirement contributions as of May 31, 2022 represent the employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2022 through May 31, 2022 based on paid ERS and PFRS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate, by tier. Employee contributions are remitted monthly. Accrued retirement contributions to ERS and PFRS within the General Fund as of May 31, 2022 were \$27,698 and \$41,586, respectively.

#### Voluntary Defined Contribution Plan

The Village can offer a defined contribution plan to all non-union employees hired on or after July 1, 2013 and earning at the annual full-time salary rate of \$75,000 or more. The employee contribution is between 3% and 6% depending on salary and the Village will contribute 8%. Employer contributions vest after 366 days of service. No current employees participated in this program.

#### **Length of Service Award Program**

The Village's financial statements are for the year ended May 31, 2022. However, the information contained in this note is based on information for the Length of Service Award Program for the plan year ending on February 28, 2022, which is the most recent plan year for which complete information is available.

#### Plan Description

The Village established a defined benefit Service Award Program (referred to as a "LOSAP" – length of service award program – qualifying under Section 457(e)(11) of the Internal Revenue Code) effective October 1, 1991 for the active volunteer firefighter members of the Village. This is a single employer defined benefit plan. The program was established pursuant to Article 11-A of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York. The program provides municipally-funded pension-like benefits to facilitate the recruitment and retention of active volunteer firefighters. The Village is the sponsor of the program.

Under the program, participating volunteers begin to be paid a service award upon attainment of the program "entitlement age". The amount of the service award paid to a volunteer is based upon the number of years of service credit the volunteer earned under the program for performing active volunteer firefighter activities.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2022

### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

## Participation, Vesting and Service Credit

Active volunteer firefighters who have reached the age of 18 and who have completed one year of firefighting service are eligible to participate in the program. Participants acquire a nonforfeitable right to a service award after being credited with five years of firefighting service or upon attaining the program's entitlement age. The program's entitlement age is age 65 with one year of Plan participation. In general, an active volunteer firefighter is credited with a year of firefighting service for each calendar year after the establishment of the program in which he or she accumulates fifty points. Points are granted for the performance of certain activities in accordance with a system established by the sponsor on the basis of a statutory list of activities and point values. A participant may also receive credit for 5 years of firefighting service rendered prior to the establishment of the program as an active volunteer firefighter member of the Village.

#### **Benefits**

A participant's benefit under the program is the actuarial equivalent of a monthly payment for life equal to \$20 multiplied by the person's total number of years of firefighting service. The number of years of firefighting service used to compute the benefit cannot exceed forty years. Except in the case of disability or death, benefits are payable when a participant reaches entitlement age. The program provides statutorily mandated death and disability benefits.

#### Fiduciary Investment and Control

Service credit is determined by the governing board of the sponsor, based on information certified to the governing board by each fire company having members who participate in the program. The fire company must maintain all required records on forms prescribed by the governing board.

The governing board of the sponsor has retained and designated VFIS to assist in the administration of the program. The designated program administrator's functions include installation assistance in the following areas: specimen adoption agreement, specimen master plan, insurance applications, participant enrollment forms, explanation of benefits and benefit certificates provided at enrollment and every three years thereafter. In addition, VFIS provides the following administrative assistance: reminder letter to the Village with census for current anniversary date, participant's benefit calculation at the time of termination or retirement for verification by the Village, schedule of benefits and costs, valuation and recommended deposit, summary of required contribution and actuarial review and recommended benefit enhancement.

Disbursements of program assets for the payment of benefits or administrative expenses must be approved.

Group	May 31, 2022
Inactive participants currently receiving benefit payments	1
Inactive participants entitled to but not yet receiving benefits payments	12
Active participants	25
	38

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2022

## Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### Contributions

New York State General Municipal Law §219(d) requires the Village to contribute an actuarially determined contribution on an annual basis. The actuarially determined contribution shall be appropriated annually by the Village.

#### Measurement of Total Pension Liability

The total pension liability at the February 28, 2022 measurement date was determined using an actuarial valuation as of March 1, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the February 28, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

Inflation: 0.00%

Salary Scale: None assumed

Mortality – No pre-retirement mortality, post retirement RP2000 projected to 2030

*Discount Rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 2.37%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.

*Trust Assets*. Although assets have been accumulated in an irrevocable trust such that the assets are dedicated to providing pensions to plan members in accordance with benefit terms, the trust assets are not legally protected from creditors of the Village. As such, the trust assets do not meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 73. The trust assets are recorded in the General Fund as investments and as a component of restricted fund balance.

#### Changes in the Total Pension Liability

Total Pension Liability - Beginning of Period Service cost Interest Changes of assumptions or other inputs Differences between expected and actual experience Benefit payments	\$ 1,444,248 42,645 34,229 40,817 (2,299)
Benefit payments	 (3,000)
Total Pension Liability - End of Period	\$ 1,556,640

Sensitivity of the Total Pension Liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total pension liability of the Village as of the February 28, 2022 measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 2.37%, as well as what the Village's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (1.37%) or 1-percentage point higher (3.37%) than the current rate:

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2022

### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

	1%		Current		1%
	Decrease		Discount Rate		Increase
	 (1.37%)	(2.37%)			(3.37%)
Total Pension Liability	\$ 1,918,750	\$	1,556,640	\$	1,275,228

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended May 31, 2022, the Village recognized pension expense of \$149,311. At May 31, 2022, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	(	Deferred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments and administrative expenses	\$	4,436 420,525	\$ 150,959 181,599
subsequent to the measurement date		28,765	 
	\$	453,726	\$ 332,558

For the year ended May 31, 2022, the Village reported \$28,765 as deferred outflows of resources resulting from Village contributions subsequent to the measurement date and this amount will be recognized as a reduction of the total pension liability in the plan year ended February 28, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended May 31,	
2023	\$ 23,821
2024	23,821
2025	23,821
2026	23,821
2027	23,827
Thereafter	 (26,708)
	\$ 92,403

#### Other Postemployment Benefit Liability ("OPEB")

In addition to providing pension benefits, the Village provides certain health care benefits for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. Contributions by the Village may vary according to length of service. The cost of providing postemployment health

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2022

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

care benefits is shared between the Village and the retired employee as noted below. Substantially all of the Village's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Village. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions", so the net OPEB liability is equal to the total OPEB liability. Separate financial statements are not issued for the plan.

At May 31, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	27
Active employees	19
	46

The Village's total OPEB liability of \$16,245,086 was measured as of May 31, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 1, 2021.

The total OPEB liability in the June 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	3.00%
Discount rate	3.70%

Healthcare cost trend rates 8.0% for 2022, decreasing 0.5% per year to an ultimate

rate of 5.0% for 2028 and later years

The discount rate was based on S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index as of May 31, 2022.

Mortality rates were based on RP-2006 mortality table and MP-2020 projection.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 1, 2021 valuation were based on published municipal bond indices.

The Village's change in the total OPEB liability for the year ended May 31, 2022 is as follows:

Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of Year	\$ 21,109,405
Service cost	388,765
Interest	331,000
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	677,668
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(5,678,174)
Benefit payments	 (583,578)
Total OPEB Liability - End of Year	\$ 16,245,086

### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Village, as well as what the Village's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.70%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.70%) than the current discount rate:

		1%	Current		1%
		Decrease	Discount Rate		Increase
		(2.70%)	(3.70%)		(4.70%)
	-	<u> </u>	 	•	<u> </u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$	18,936,301	\$ 16,245,086	\$	13,553,873

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Village, as well as what the Village's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (7.0% decreasing to 4.0%) or 1 percentage point higher (9.0% decreasing to 6.0%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%	He	ealthcare Cost		1%				
	Decrease		Trend Rates	Increase					
(7.	0% decreasing	(8.	0% decreasing	(9.0% decreasing					
	to 4.0%)		to 5.0%)		to 6.0%)				
\$	13,782,491	\$	16,245,086	\$	19,101,933				
	(7.	Decrease (7.0% decreasing to 4.0%)	Decrease (7.0% decreasing to 4.0%)	Decrease Trend Rates (7.0% decreasing to 4.0%) to 5.0%)	1% Healthcare Cost Decrease Trend Rates (7.0% decreasing (8.0% decreasing to 4.0%) to 5.0%)				

For the year ended May 31, 2022, the Village recognized OPEB expense of \$200,238 in the government-wide financial statements. At May 31, 2022, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	01	Deferred Outflows f Resources	0	Deferred Inflows f Resources
Changes of assumptions or other inputs Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,366,552 594,710	\$	4,731,812 1,205,679
	\$	2,961,262	\$	5,937,491

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended May 31,	
2023	\$ (519,527)
2024	(519,526)
2025	(534,516)
2026	(569,239)
2027	(833,421)
Thereafter	
	\$ (2,976,229)

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2022

### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

## F. Revenues and Expenditures

#### **Interfund Transfers**

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods and services, without the equivalent flow of assets in return. The interfund transfers reflected below have been reflected as transfers.

	Transfers In
	Capital
	Projects
Transfers Out	Fund
General Fund	\$ 1,104,784

Transfers are used to move amounts earmarked in the operating funds to fulfill commitments for Capital Projects Fund expenditures.

#### G. Net Position

The components of net position are detailed below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - the component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted for Capital Projects - the component of net position that reports the amounts restricted for capital projects, less unexpended bond proceeds and unrestricted interest earnings.

Restricted for Repairs - the component of net position that has been established pursuant to Section 6d of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York to pay the cost of major repairs to Village assets.

Restricted for Debt Service - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities with constraints placed on their use by the Local Finance Law of the State of New Yok.

Restricted for Pension Benefits - The component of net position that has been set aside to be used for LOSAP pension benefits in accordance with Article 11-A of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Restricted for Parklands - the component of net position that has been established pursuant to New York State law. This amount represents funds received by the Village in lieu of parklands as a condition precedent to the approval of a parcel by the Planning Board. These funds may be used only for recreational purposes.

Restricted for Recreational Purposes - the component of net position that has been established by the granting organization. This amount represents funds received by the Village as part of an agreement between the Village and the granting organization. These funds may be used only for specific recreational purposes within the Village.

*Unrestricted* - all other amounts that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2022

# Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

## H. Fund Balances

						2022					2021										
		General Fund		Water Fund		Special Purpose Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Total		General Fund		Water Fund		Special Purpose Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Total	
Restricted: Repairs	\$	52,663	\$	396,291	\$	-	\$	_	\$	448,954	\$	52,401	\$	394,319	\$	_	\$	_	\$	446,720	
Debt service	•	2,074	•	-	·	=	·	-		2,074	·	- , -	·	-	·	-	·	=	·	-	
Pension benefits		968,411		-		-		-		968,411		901,244		-		-		-		901,244	
Parklands		-		-		240,635		-		240,635		-		-		228,713		-		228,713	
Recreational purposes		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		109,832		-		109,832	
Capital projects		-				-		2,881,826		2,881,826						<u>-</u>		919,642		919,642	
Total Restricted		1,023,148		396,291		240,635		2,881,826		4,541,900		953,645		394,319		338,545		919,642		2,606,151	
Assigned			_	481,653			_	<u>-</u>	_	481,653	_			500,152						500,152	
Unassigned		1,703,429	_	<u>-</u> _				<u>-</u>	_	1,703,429	_	1,141,091								1,141,091	
Total Fund Balances	\$	2,726,577	\$	877,944	\$	240,635	\$	2,881,826	\$	6,726,982	\$	2,094,736	\$	894,471	\$	338,545	\$	919,642	\$	4,247,394	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2022

### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Certain elements of fund balance are described above. Those additional elements which are not reflected in the statement of net position but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below.

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents amounts not classified as restricted or assigned.

#### Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

#### A. Litigation

The Village, in common with other municipalities, receives numerous notices of claims for money damages arising from false arrest, property damage or personal injury. Of the claims currently pending, none are expected to have a material effect on the financial position of the Village if adversely settled.

#### B. Risk Management

The Village purchases various conventional insurance coverages to reduce its exposure to loss. The Village maintains general liability insurance coverage with a policy limit of \$3 million. The personal and advertising limit policies provide coverage up to \$1 million. The Village also participates in a workers' compensation public entity pool through the Public Employer Risk Management Association.

Settled claims resulting from those risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### Note 5 - Tax Abatement

The Village has a real property tax abatement pursuant to New York Real Property Tax Section 485 which permits the exemption from taxation of nuclear powered electric generating facilities upon the adoption of a local law or resolution by any tax jurisdiction.

The Village received a PILOT from Entergy in the amount of \$26,240,000 over ten years with additional inflation payments in accordance with the Allowable Levy Growth Factor determined annually by the New York State Office of the State Comptroller. The PILOT was amended for the 2021 and 2022 fiscal years and for 2022 the Village received \$1,797,758.

The Village signed a new PILOT agreement with Holtec Decommissioning International, LLC in the amount of \$3,300,000 for three years from 2023-2025 with option to extend for the year 2026 for \$900,000.

Notes to Financial Statements (Concluded) May 31, 2022

#### Note 6 - Recently Issued GASB Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 87, "Leases" as amended by GASB Statement No. 95, "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance", establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the concept that leases are a financing of a "right-to-use" underlying asset. As such, this Statement requires a lessee to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset. A lessor will be required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements" provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements ("SBITAs") for government end users. This Statement defines a SBITA and establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset (intangible asset) and a corresponding liability. The Statement also provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA, as well as detailing the requirements for note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

This is not an all-inclusive list of recently issued GASB pronouncements but rather a listing of Statements that the Village believes will most impact its financial statements. The Village will evaluate the impact of this and other pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

\*\*\*\*

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Changes in the Village's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)(3)

T. (   OPER   )		2022	 2021	 2020	 2019
Total OPEB Liability: Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected	\$	388,765 331,000	\$ 287,775 500,351	\$ 265,446 565,184	\$ 243,084 553,194 -
and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments		677,668 (5,678,174) (583,578)	 (1,083,006) 2,668,074 (577,117)	 (967,353) 1,175,671 (512,467)	 89,959 - (473,817)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		(4,864,319)	1,796,077	526,481	412,420
Total OPEB Liability – Beginning of Year		21,109,405	19,313,328	 18,786,847	 18,374,427 (2)
Total OPEB Liability – End of Year	\$	16,245,086	\$ 21,109,405	\$ 19,313,328	\$ 18,786,847
Village's covered-employee payroll	\$	2,261,658	\$ 2,293,046	\$ 1,977,040	\$ 2,236,779
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	_	718%	 921%	 977%	 840%
Discount Rate		3.70%	 1.59%	 2.63%	 3.05%

#### Notes to Schedule:

<sup>(1)</sup> Data not available prior to fiscal year 2019 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions".

<sup>(2)</sup> Restated for the implementation of the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75.

<sup>(3)</sup> No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of this Statement to pay related benefits.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Changes in the Village's Total Pension Liability - Service Awards Program Last Ten Fiscal Years\*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018*
Total Pension Liability: Service Cost Interest Changes of assumptions or other inputs Differences between expected and actual experience Benefit payments	\$ 42,645 34,229 40,817 (2,299) (3,000)	\$ 41,747 40,663 (233,485) 5,704 (70,161)	\$ 45,132 22,977 534,483 (210,829) (1,410)	\$ 36,445 42,904 60,093 (24,816) (4,775)	\$ 34,562 39,926 14,881 - (3,073)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	112,392	(215,532)	390,353	109,851	86,296
Total Pension Liability – Beginning of Year	1,444,248	1,659,780	1,269,427	1,159,576	1,073,280
Total Pension Liability – End of Year	\$1,556,640	\$ 1,444,248	\$ 1,659,780	\$ 1,269,427	\$ 1,159,576
Village's covered payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Discount Rate	2.37%	3.72%	3.70%	1.81%	3.72%

<sup>\*</sup>Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

#### Notes to Schedule:

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Government Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 73, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements Nos. 67 and 68" to pay related benefits.

Required Supplementary Information New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	Schedule of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (2)													
		2022 (4)		2021 (4)		2020 (3)		2019		2018		2017		2016
Village's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.0039851%		0.0043158%		0.0046687%		0.0055265%		0.0059832%		0.0057881%		0.0056321%
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	(325,769)	\$	4,297	\$	1,236,310	\$	391,569	\$	193,105	\$	543,865	\$	903,964
Village's covered payroll	\$	1,448,166	\$	1,249,721	\$	1,287,641	\$	1,430,276	\$	1,463,184	\$	1,400,911	\$	1,406,385
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	e 	(22.50%)		0.34%	_	96.01%		27.38%	_	13.20%		38.82%		64.28%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		103.65%		99.95%	_	86.39%	_	96.27%		98.24%	_	94.70%		90.68%
Discount Rate		5.90%		5.90%		6.80%		7.00%		7.00%		7.00%		7.00%
		Sche	dule	of Contribution	าร									
		2022		2021	2020 201			2019	2019 2018			2017		2016
Contractually required contribution	\$	198,340	\$	188,376	\$	208,153	\$	211,746	\$	204,616	\$	210,691	\$	223,059
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(198,340)		(188,376)	_	(208,153)		(211,746)		(204,616)		(210,691)		(223,059)
Contribution excess	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	_	\$	<u>-</u>
Village's covered payroll	\$	1,504,421	\$	1,256,584	\$	1,277,357	\$	1,394,336	\$	1,497,232	\$	1,413,626	\$	1,416,980
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		13.18%		14.99%		16.30%	_	15.19%		13.67%		14.90%		15.74%

<sup>(1)</sup> Data not available prior to fiscal year 2016 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions".

<sup>(2)</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31 measurement date within the current fiscal year.

<sup>(3)</sup> Increase in the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability mainly attributable to decrease in plan fiduciary net position due to investment losses.

<sup>(4)</sup> Decrease in the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability mainly attributable to increase in plan fiduciary net position due to investment gains.

Required Supplementary Information New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	Schedule of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (2)													
		2022 (4)		2021 (4)		2020 (3)		2019		2018		2017		2016
Village's proportion of the net pension liability		.0246279%		0.0217895%		0.0230480%	0.0273691%			0.0295435%		0.0277265%		0.0265829%
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	139,897	\$	378,327	\$	1,231,899	\$	458,997	\$	298,613	\$	574,674	\$	787,064
Village's covered payroll	\$	929,879	\$	901,228	\$	760,853	\$	1,033,616	\$	995,894	\$	1,052,655	\$	942,526
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		15.04%		41.98%		161.91%		44.41%		29.98%		54.59%		83.51%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		98.66%		95.79%		84.86%		95.09%		96.93%		93.46%		90.24%
Discount Rate		5.90%		5.90%		6.80%		7.00%		7.00%		7.00%		7.00%
				Sch	edule	of Contribution	าร							
		2022		2021	2020			2019		2018	2017			2016
Contractually required contribution	\$	251,505	\$	184,675	\$	246,724	\$	235,683	\$	256,772	\$	224,705	\$	208,770
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(251,505)		(184,675)		(246,724)		(235,683)		(256,772)		(224,705)		(208,770)
Contribution excess	\$		\$	-	\$	_	\$		\$	_	\$		\$	_
Village's covered payroll	\$	921,391	\$	930,616	\$	751,021	\$	980,211	\$	1,031,844	\$	1,055,021	\$	940,301
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		27.30%		19.84%		32.85%		24.04%	_	24.88%		21.30%		22.20%

<sup>(1)</sup> Data not available prior to fiscal year 2016 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions".

<sup>(2)</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31 measurement date within the current fiscal year.

<sup>(3)</sup> Increase in the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability mainly attributable to decrease in plan fiduciary net position due to investment losses.

<sup>(4)</sup> Decrease in the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability mainly attributable to increase in plan fiduciary net position due to investment gains.

General Fund Combining Balance Sheet - Sub-Funds May 31, 2022 (With Comparative Totals for 2021)

400570	 General	Fire Service Awards Program		
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Investments Taxes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible	\$ 3,452,749 -	\$	- 968,411	
taxes of \$634 in 2022 and \$677 in 2021 Accounts receivable Due from other governments Due from other funds	132,234 281,528 484,544 6,215		- - -	
Total Assets	\$ 4,357,270	\$	968,411	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities				
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$ 416,470 56,576	\$	-	
Employee payroll deductions Due to retirement systems	4,758 69,284		-	
Unearned revenues	192,306		-	
Due to other funds Deposits payable	 1,607,613 119,863		<u>-</u>	
Total Liabilities	2,466,870		-	
Deferred inflows of resources	400.004			
Real property taxes	 132,234			
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	 2,599,104			
Fund balances	F 4 707		000 444	
Restricted Unassigned	 54,737 1,703,429		968,411 	
Total Fund Balances	 1,758,166		968,411	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 4,357,270	\$	968,411	

Totals								
	2022		2021					
\$	3,452,749 968,411	\$	2,000,481 901,244					
	132,234 281,528 484,544 6,215		86,908 238,826 178,104 10,244					
\$	5,325,681	\$	3,415,807					
Φ.	440.470	•	400,000					
\$	416,470 56,576 4,758 69,284 192,306 1,607,613 119,863	\$	182,399 43,683 1,377 74,975 164,990 662,248 104,691					
	2,466,870		1,234,363					
	132,234		86,708					
	2,599,104		1,321,071					
	1,023,148 1,703,429		953,645 1,141,091					
	2,726,577		2,094,736					
\$	5,325,681	\$	3,415,807					

General Fund Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Sub-Funds Year Ended May 31, 2022 (With Comparative Actuals for 2021)

DEVENUE	General		Fire Service Awards Program		Eliminations	
REVENUES	Φ	0.700.050	Φ		Ф	
Real property taxes	\$	3,763,358	\$	-	\$	-
Other tax items		1,800,614		-		-
Non-property taxes Departmental income		674,619 392,464		- 43,408		(42 400)
Use of money and property		92,952		27,374		(43,408)
Licenses and permits		136,496		21,314		-
Fines and forfeitures		58,657		<u>-</u>		_
Sale of property and		30,037		_		_
compensation for loss		92,972		_		_
State aid		1,170,791		_		_
Federal aid		104,784		_		_
Miscellaneous		57,698		_		_
Misocharicous		07,000				
Total Revenues		8,345,405		70,782		(43,408)
EXPENDITURES Current						
General government support		1,513,733		_		_
Public safety		1,395,234		3,615		_
Health		-		, -		_
Transportation		718,411		-		-
Economic opportunity and						
development		2,850		-		-
Culture and recreation		372,543		-		-
Home and community services		843,011		-		-
Employee benefits		1,728,575		-		(43,408)
Debt service						
Principal		128,454		-		-
Interest		24,029		-		-
Issuance costs		35,807		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Total Expenditures		6,762,647		3,615		(43,408)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		1,582,758		67,167		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
General obligation bonds issued		86,700		_		_
Transfers out		(1,104,784)		_		_
Transitio dat		(1,104,704)	-			
Total Other Financing Uses		(1,018,084)				
Net Change in Fund Balances		564,674		67,167		-
FUND BALANCES						
Beginning of Year		1,193,492		901,244		_
End of Year	\$	1,758,166	\$	968,411	\$	_
					-	

See independent auditors' report.

Totals								
2022	2021							
\$ 3,763,358 1,800,614 674,619 392,464 120,326 136,496 58,657	\$ 3,205,612 2,499,460 662,539 586,846 47,058 40,458 8,229							
92,972 1,170,791 104,784 57,698	19,617 66,989 - 36,017							
8,372,779	7,172,825							
1,513,733 1,398,849 - 718,411	1,094,712 1,462,479 2,500 485,325							
2,850 372,543 843,011 1,685,167	2,850 122,930 834,941 1,645,623							
128,454 24,029 35,807	156,136 35,518							
6,722,854	5,843,014							
1,649,925	1,329,811							
86,700 (1,104,784)	(828,696)							
(1,018,084)	(828,696)							
631,841	501,115							
2,094,736	1,593,621							
\$ 2,726,577	\$ 2,094,736							



General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet - Sub-Fund May 31,

ACCETO	2022			2021		
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$	3,452,749	\$	2,000,481		
Taxes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible taxes of \$634 in 2022 and \$634 in 2021		132,234		86,908		
Other receivables Accounts Due from other governments Due from other funds		281,528 484,544 6,215 772,287		238,826 178,104 10,244 427,174		
Total Assets	\$	4,357,270	\$	2,514,563		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Employee payroll deductions Due to retirement systems Unearned revenues Due to other funds Deposits payable	\$	416,470 56,576 4,758 69,284 192,306 1,607,613 119,863	\$	182,399 43,683 1,377 74,975 164,990 662,248 104,691		
Total Liabilities		2,466,870		1,234,363		
Deferred inflows of resources Real property taxes		132,234		86,708		
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,599,104		1,321,071		
Fund balance Restricted Unassigned  Total Fund Balance		54,737 1,703,429 1,758,166		52,401 1,141,091 1,193,492		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$	4,357,270	\$	2,514,563		

General Fund Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Sub-Fund Years Ended May 31,

	2022							
DEVENUES		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Non-property taxes Departmental income Use of money and property Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Sale of property and	\$	3,808,915 1,807,758 467,000 224,580 3,000 13,250 23,000	\$	3,808,915 1,807,758 647,000 394,580 3,000 113,250 23,000	\$	3,763,358 1,800,614 674,619 392,464 92,952 136,496 58,657	\$	(45,557) (7,144) 27,619 (2,116) 89,952 23,246 35,657
compensation for loss State aid Federal aid Miscellaneous		30,000 635,000 - 5,000		30,000 685,000 - 5,000		92,972 1,170,791 104,784 57,698		62,972 485,791 104,784 52,698
Total Revenues		7,017,503		7,517,503		8,345,405		827,902
EXPENDITURES								
Current General government support Public safety Health		1,736,240 1,466,008 2,500		1,624,795 1,398,849		1,513,733 1,395,234		111,062 3,615
Transportation Economic opportunity and		583,163		727,548		718,411		9,137
development Culture and recreation Home and community services Employee benefits		3,000 390,573 1,158,730 1,917,770		2,850 392,793 909,534 1,830,984		2,850 372,543 843,011 1,728,575		20,250 66,523 102,409
Debt service Principal Interest Issuance costs		110,000 33,107		143,454 29,693 35,807		128,454 24,029 35,807		15,000 5,664
Total Expenditures		7,401,091		7,096,307		6,762,647		333,660
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(383,588)		421,196		1,582,758		1,161,562
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) General obligation bonds issued Transfers in Transfers out		- 625,000 (300,000)		625,000 (1,104,784)		86,700 - (1,104,784)		86,700 (625,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		325,000		(479,784)		(1,018,084)		(538,300)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(58,588)		(58,588)		564,674		623,262
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year		58,588		58,588		1,193,492		1,134,904
End of Year	\$		\$		\$	1,758,166	\$	1,758,166

See independent auditors' report.

	20	21	
Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
\$ 3,212,675 2,407,011 467,000 457,096 3,000 13,250 23,000	\$ 3,212,675 2,407,011 467,000 592,096 3,000 13,250 23,000	\$ 3,205,612 2,499,460 662,539 586,846 21,679 40,458 8,229	\$ (7,063) 92,449 195,539 (5,250) 18,679 27,208 (14,771)
30,000 35,000	30,000 35,000	19,617 66,989	(10,383) 31,989
 5,000	5,000	36,017	31,017
 6,653,032	6,788,032	7,147,446	359,414
1,356,701 1,391,280 2,500	1,137,989 1,435,459 2,500	1,094,712 1,392,903 2,500	43,277 42,556
589,200	550,375	485,325	65,050
3,000 358,115 1,112,760 2,024,256	3,000 352,114 872,008 1,962,800	2,850 122,930 834,941 1,686,837	150 229,184 37,067 275,963
110,000 25,220 -	196,136 35,651 	156,136 35,518 	40,000 133 
 6,973,032	6,548,032	5,814,652	733,380
 (320,000)	240,000	1,332,794	1,092,794
 625,000 (305,000)	625,000 (865,000)	(828,696)	(625,000) 36,304
 320,000	(240,000)	(828,696)	(588,696)
-	-	504,098	504,098
 		689,394	689,394
\$ 	\$ -	\$ 1,193,492	\$ 1,193,492

General Fund Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget - Sub-Fund Year Ended May 31, 2022 (With Comparative Actuals for 2021)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	 Actual	ance with I Budget	2021 Actual
REAL PROPERTY TAXES	\$ 3,808,915	\$ 3,808,915	\$ 3,763,358	\$ (45,557)	\$ 3,205,612
OTHER TAX ITEMS					
Payments in lieu of taxes	1,797,758	1,797,758	1,797,758	_	2,467,511
Interest and penalties on real property taxes	 10,000	10,000	2,856	(7,144)	 31,949
	1,807,758	 1,807,758	1,800,614	(7,144)	2,499,460
NON-PROPERTY TAXES				 _	
Non-property tax distribution from County	365,000	545,000	554,456	9,456	530,218
Utilities gross receipts taxes	85,000	85,000	96,040	11,040	108,835
Franchise fees - Cable TV	 17,000	 17,000	 24,123	 7,123	 23,486
	467,000	 647,000	674,619	27,619	662,539
DEPARTMENTAL INCOME	 _		 _	 _	 _
Town Clerk fees	2,500	2,500	6,495	3,995	6,835
Police fees	500	500	280	(220)	165
Inspection fees	-	-	900	900	-
Planning Board fees	3,000	3,000	600	(2,400)	1,200
Park and recreation charges	153,700	153,700	134,537	(19,163)	67,666
Zoning fees	2,000	2,000	500	(1,500)	1,500
Sewer charges	42,880	212,880	220,829	7,949	187,144
Traffic control	-	-	18,920	18,920	34,950
Indian Point agreement	-	-	-	-	276,020
Sewer services	 20,000	 20,000	 9,403	(10,597)	 11,366
	 224,580	 394,580	 392,464	 (2,116)	 586,846

USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY Earnings on investments	3,000	3,000	92,952	89,952	21,679
LICENSES AND PERMITS  Dog licenses  Building and alteration permits	250 13,000	250 113,000	330 136,166	80 23,166	208 40,250
FINES AND FORFEITURES Fines and forfeited bail	13,250 23,000	113,250 23,000	136,496 58,657	23,246 35,657	40,458 8,229
SALE OF PROPERTY AND COMPENSATION FOR LOSS Sale of equipment Insurance recoveries	30,000	30,000	31,267 61,705	31,267 31,705	13,658 5,959
STATE AID Per capita Mortgage tax Cessation Grant Sidewalk and pavilion projects	30,000 - 35,000 600,000 -	30,000 - 35,000 650,000 -	92,972 17,867 81,228 773,568 298,128	62,972 17,867 46,228 123,568 298,128	19,617 - 66,989 - -
<b>FEDERAL AID</b> ARPA	635,000	685,000	1,170,791	485,791 104,784	66,989
MISCELLANEOUS Other	5,000	5,000	57,698	52,698	36,017
TOTAL REVENUES	7,017,503	7,517,503	8,345,405	827,902	7,147,446

(Continued)



General Fund Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget - Sub-Fund (Continued) Year Ended May 31, 2022 (With Comparative Actuals for 2021)

	Original Budget	Final Budget			Actual		riance with nal Budget	2021 Actual
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
General obligation bonds issued Transfers in	\$ -	\$	-	\$	86,700	\$	86,700	\$ -
Water Fund	 625,000		625,000				(625,000)	 
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	 625,000		625,000		86,700		(538,300)	 
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	\$ 7,642,503	\$	8,142,503	\$	8,432,105	\$	289,602	\$ 7,147,446

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget - Sub-Fund Year Ended May 31, 2022 (With Comparative Actuals for 2021)

	Original Budget	 Final Budget		Actual	ance with al Budget	 2021 Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SUPPORT						
Town Board	\$ 35,000	\$ 41,971	\$	41,971	\$ -	\$ 102,370
Town Justice	42,125	38,619		38,619	-	40,405
Manager	108,393	104,428		104,428	-	102,151
Mayor	8,100	8,100		7,709	391	7,892
Independent audit	40,000	40,830		40,830	-	35,240
Treasurer	221,736	215,081		215,081	-	197,737
Assessor	2,000	1,102		414	688	1,306
Clerk	20,000	22,885		22,885	-	19,870
Town Attorney	135,000	138,147		138,147	-	177,618
Engineer	140,000	221,095		221,095	-	146,203
Elections	3,000	3,028		3,028	-	4,716
Buildings	125,300	195,032		194,727	305	125,794
Central garage	144,686	197,648		195,468	2,180	122,918
Unallocated Insurance	153,400	199,674		199,674	-	<del>-</del>
Municipal association dues	6,000	5,031		5,031	-	5,051
Metropolitan Transportation Authority payroll tax	-	-		-	-	-
Judgements and claims	5,500	84,626		84,626	-	5,441
Contingency	 546,000	 107,498			107,498	 
	 1,736,240	1,624,795		1,513,733	 111,062	1,094,712
PUBLIC SAFETY						
Police	1,024,159	995,244		995,244	-	1,029,784
Fire protection	264,000	238,307		234,692	3,615	219,828
Safety inspection	 177,849	 165,298	_	165,298	 	 143,291
	 1,466,008	 1,398,849		1,395,234	3,615	 1,392,903
HEALTH						
Nursing services	 2,500	 			 	 2,500

TRANSPORTATION					
Transportation administration	1,775	4,850	4,843	7	2,184
Street maintenance	410,708	463,375	463,375	-	375,617
Snow removal	95,000	68,374	68,374	-	72,340
Street lighting	75,680	64,739	55,609	9,130	35,184
Sidewalks		126,210	126,210		
	583,163	727,548	718,411	9,137	485,325
ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY AND DEVELOPMENT					
Publicity	3,000	2,850	2,850		2,850
CULTURE AND RECREATION					
Parks	98,091	164,352	164,352	-	68,232
Community center	56,357	47,025	42,126	4,899	32,622
Municipal pool	106,200	93,546	78,195	15,351	19,364
Town historian	1,500	-	-	-	422
Adult recreation	34,340	1,595	1,595	-	-
Other	94,085	86,275	86,275		2,290
	390,573	392,793	372,543	20,250	122,930
HOME AND COMMUNITY SERVICES					
Zoning Board of Appeals	24,637	14,869	14,095	774	17,976
Planning Board	32,700	26,360	13,040	13,320	14,391
Sewer system	134,912	73,742	68,792	4,950	74,207
Sewage treatment and disposal	619,423	516,129	479,929	36,200	483,582
Refuse and garbage	341,058	272,434	267,155	5,279	244,785
Shade trees	6,000	6,000		6,000	
	1,158,730	909,534	843,011	66,523	834,941
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS					
Employees' retirement	256,000	183,174	159,862	23,312	175,624
Police retirement	214,000	251,505	251,173	332	195,814
Service awards program	55,000	43,408	43,408	-	42,714
Social security benefits	200,000	200,000	194,865	5,135	178,644
Workers' compensation benefits	190,000	150,127	150,127	<del>-</del>	165,632
Life insurance	19,600	19,600	18,271	1,329	18,462
Unemployment benefits	2,000	2,000	<b>-</b>	2,000	5,249
Hospitalization, medical and dental benefits	972,500	972,017	901,716	70,301	896,409
Other	8,670	9,153	9,153		8,289
	1,917,770	1,830,984	1,728,575	102,409	1,686,837

(Continued)

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget - Sub-Fund (Continued) Year Ended May 31, 2022

(With Comparative Actuals for 2021)

	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget			2021 Actual
<b>DEBT SERVICE</b> Principal									
Serial bonds Installment purchase debt	\$ 110,00	00 \$	85,000 58,454	\$	70,000 58,454	\$	15,000 <u>-</u>	\$	70,000 86,136
	110,00	00	143,454		128,454		15,000		156,136
Interest									
Serial bonds	12,10	)7	12,107		12,031		76		14,350
Installment purchase debt	04.00	-	6,586		6,586		-		9,301
Bond anticipation notes payable	21,00		11,000		5,412		5,588		11,867
	33,10	)7	29,693		24,029		5,664		35,518
Costs of Issuance		<u>-</u> _	35,807		35,807				
	143,10	<u> </u>	208,954		188,290		20,664		191,654
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	7,401,09	91	7,096,307	6	5,762,647		333,660		5,814,652
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out									
Capital Projects Fund	300,00	00	1,104,784	1	,104,784				828,696
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER	Ф 7 704 00	٠ <i>4</i>	0.004.004	φ 7	, 007, 404	Φ.	222.000	Φ.	0.040.040
FINANCING USES	\$ 7,701,09	<u> </u>	8,201,091	\$ /	7,867,431	\$	333,660	\$	6,643,348

Water Fund Comparative Balance Sheet May 31,

400570	 2022	2021
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Water rents receivable Due from other funds	\$ 801,734 378,112 100,298	\$ 516,999 581,864
Total Assets	\$ 1,280,144	\$ 1,098,863
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$ 112,030 1,448	\$ 148,270 1,171 54,951
Overpayments  Total Liabilities	288,722 402,200	204,392
Fund balance Restricted	396,291	394,319
Assigned  Total Fund Balance	 481,653 877,944	 500,152 894,471
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 1,280,144	\$ 1,098,863

Water Fund
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Years Ended May 31,

			20	)22			
		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		ariance with inal Budget
REVENUES		_			_		_
Departmental income	\$	4,032,388	\$ 4,032,388	\$	2,657,880	\$	(1,374,508)
Use of money and property Miscellaneous		2,000	2,000		60 2,202		(1,940) 2,202
eeaa			 		2,202		2,202
Total Revenues		4,034,388	4,034,388		2,660,142	_	(1,374,246)
EXPENDITURES Current							
Home and community services		3,349,552	3,366,289		2,602,182		764,107
Employee benefits		59,836	 78,124		74,487		3,637
Total Expenditures		3,409,388	3,444,413		2,676,669		767,744
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue Over Expenditures	es	625,000	589,975		(16,527)		(606,502)
OTHER FINANCING USES							
Transfers out		(625,000)	 (625,000)	_			625,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	(35,025)		(16,527)		18,498
FUND BALANCE							
Beginning of Year			35,025		894,471	_	859,446
End of Year	\$		\$ 	\$	877,944	\$	877,944

	20	21						
Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget				
\$ 3,947,349 2,000 -	\$ 3,947,349 2,000 -	\$	3,297,408 174 2,693	\$	(649,941) (1,826) 2,693			
 3,949,349	3,949,349		3,300,275		(649,074)			
 3,265,134 59,215	3,265,134 59,215		2,984,718 31,250		280,416 27,965			
 3,324,349	 3,324,349		3,015,968		308,381			
625,000	625,000		284,307		(340,693)			
(625,000)	 (625,000)				625,000			
-	-		284,307		284,307			
 	 		610,164		610,164			
\$ 	\$ 	\$	894,471	\$	894,471			

Water Fund Schedule of Revenues Compared to Budget Year Ended May 31, 2022 (With Comparative Actuals for 2021)

DEDARTMENTAL INCOME	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	2021 Actual
DEPARTMENTAL INCOME  Metered water sales  Water service charges	\$ 4,018,988 13,400	\$ 4,018,988 13,400	\$ 2,571,359 86,521	\$ (1,447,629) 73,121	\$ 3,277,108 20,300
LICE OF MONEY AND DEODEDTY	4,032,388	4,032,388	2,657,880	(1,374,508)	3,297,408
USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY Earnings on investments	2,000	2,000	60	(1,940)	174
MISCELLANEOUS Other	<u> </u>		2,202	2,202	2,693
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 4,034,388	\$ 4,034,388	\$ 2,660,142	\$ (1,374,246)	\$ 3,300,275

Water Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget Year Ended May 31, 2022 (With Comparative Actuals for 2021)

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with al Final Budget			2021 Actual
HOME AND COMMUNITY SERVICES				<u>J</u>	-					
Pumping, supply and power	\$	3,103,224	\$	3,028,118	\$	2,273,627	\$	754,491	\$	2,764,414
Transmission and distribution		246,328		338,171		328,555		9,616		220,304
		3,349,552		3,366,289		2,602,182		764,107		2,984,718
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS										
Employees' retirement		17,456		33,119		33,119		_		14,413
Social security benefits		8,841		10,090		7,483		2,607		6,938
Life insurance		130		130		-		130		-
Hospitalization, medical and dental benefits		33,008		34,785		33,885		900		9,899
Other		401								
		59,836		78,124		74,487		3,637		31,250
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		3,409,388		3,444,413		2,676,669		767,744		3,015,968
OTHER FINANCING USES										
Transfers out										
General Fund		625,000		625,000				625,000		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND										
OTHER FINANCING USES	\$	4,034,388	\$	4,069,413	\$	2,676,669	\$	1,392,744	\$	3,015,968

See independent auditors' report.

Special Purpose Fund Comparative Balance Sheet May 31,

	 2022		2021	
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Due from other funds	\$ 190,787 49,848	\$	190,768 147,777	
Total Assets	\$ 240,635	\$	338,545	
FUND BALANCE Restricted	\$ 240,635	\$	338,545	

Special Purpose Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended May 31,

	2022	 2021
REVENUES Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$ 19 <u>-</u>	\$ 79 109,832
Total Revenues	19	109,911
EXPENDITURES Culture and Recreation	 97,929	<u>-</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(97,910)	109,911
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	 338,545	228,634
End of Year	\$ 240,635	\$ 338,545

Capital Projects Fund Comparative Balance Sheet May 31,

ASSETS	 2022	 2021
Cash and equivalents Receivables	\$ 1,386,738	\$ 1,702,734
State and Federal aid	105,440	97,651
Due from other funds	 1,451,252	 559,178
	 1,556,692	 656,829
Total Assets	\$ 2,943,430	\$ 2,359,563
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 11,604	\$ 52,321
Bond anticipation notes payable	 50,000	 1,387,600
Total Liabilities	61,604	1,439,921
Fund balance		
Restricted	 2,881,826	 919,642
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 2,943,430	\$ 2,359,563

Capital Projects Fund
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance
Years Ended May 31,

		2022		2021	
REVENUES State aid Miscellaneous	\$	105,440 -	\$	164,045 257,151	
Total Revenues		105,440		421,196	
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay		1,010,340		828,991	
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	_	(904,900)		(407,795)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES General obligation bonds issued Transfers in		1,762,300 1,104,784		- 828,696	
Total Other Financing Sources		2,867,084		828,696	
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,962,184		420,901	
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year		919,642		498,741	
End of Year	\$	2,881,826	\$	919,642	

Capital Projects Fund Project-Length Schedule Inception of Project through May 31, 2022

Project	Α	uthorization	Expendi- tures and Transfers		Unexpended Balance	
Reconstruction and resurfacing of various roads	\$	3,029,358	\$	2,622,109	\$	407,249
Vehicle replacement		15,000		-		15,000
LED lighting		65,000		-		65,000
IT security upgrade		308,566		26,755		281,811
Village hall office		35,000		_		35,000
Village hall boiler		235,000		2,440		232,560
4th street pump station improvements		1,000,000		900,229		99,771
Fire Truck		487,600		629,491		(141,891)
General projects		316,695		16,000		300,695
Sewage treatment plant		200,000		-		200,000
Police vehicle		60,000		49,146		10,854
Manhole repair		204,784		104,784		100,000
DPW firelighter plow truck		236,700		-		236,700
Police records management system		51,000		-		51,000
Financial application software		51,000		1,074		49,926
Building, planning, zoning code enforcement software		51,000		-		51,000
Asphalt recycler		75,000		-		75,000
LED conversion		50,000		-		50,000
Pickup - vehicle replacement		60,000		-		60,000
Village hall computer		50,000		-		50,000
Village hall general		10,000				10,000
	\$	6,591,703	\$	4,352,028	\$	2,239,675

Total Revenues	Fund Balance (Deficit) at May 31, 2022	Bond Anticipation Notes Outstanding at May 31, 2022
\$ 3,329,358	\$ 707,249	\$ -
50,000	50,000	Ψ -
65,000	65,000	_
308,566	281,811	_
35,000	35,000	_
235,000	232,560	_
1,000,000	99,771	_
794,751	165,260	_
316,695	300,695	_
200,000	200,000	_
60,000	10,854	50,000
204,784	100,000	, -
236,700	236,700	-
51,000	51,000	-
51,000	49,926	-
51,000	51,000	-
75,000	75,000	-
50,000	50,000	-
60,000	60,000	-
50,000	50,000	-
10,000	10,000	
\$ 7,233,854	\$ 2,881,826	\$ 50,000